

5.—Values of Pelts Sold from Fur Farms in Canada, 1929-37.

Kind of Pelt.	1929.	1930.	1931.	1932.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Badger.....	1,646	3,925	3,101	1,398	629	408	296	108	75
Beaver.....	550	150	126	410	213	105	113	248	1,358
Coyote.....	340	691	718	395	610	530	322	1,187	752
Fisher.....	320	405	145	1,120	1,576	963	626	1,512	245
Fitch.....	Nil	Nil	341	568	2,616	3,184	2,010	1,738	1,470
Fox, blue.....	19,144	25,318	12,758	9,032	9,325	12,250	9,179	11,071	10,586
Fox, cross.....	43,122	75,676	84,993	93,018	95,522	84,503	75,273	65,182	48,899
Fox, red.....	18,585	21,549	20,445	21,924	23,652	17,788	14,301	12,734	8,382
Fox, silver.....	2,195,253	2,921,885	2,835,470	2,821,593	3,441,020	3,690,431	4,437,301	4,950,290	5,019,487
Fox, white.....	Nil	25	792	135	65	50	75	80	Nil
Karakul sheep.....	"	Nil	Nil	246	139	638	338	538	442
Lynx.....	"	100	"	Nil	66	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Marten.....	"	100	79	313	262	175	194	830	398
Mink.....	12,471	34,538	99,033	87,604	127,241	145,680	323,263	652,940	681,475
Muskrat.....	9,335	9,205	8,945	3,723	4,710	4,034	3,213	6,438	3,739
Nutria.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	50	3	Nil
Rabbit, chinchilla.....	806	45	65	8	"	"	Nil	1	1
Rabbit, n.e.s.....	263	22	Nil	Nil	29	"	"	1	1
Raccoon.....	3,027	2,618	4,445	5,096	4,738	5,248	4,410	3,519	2,175
Skunk.....	48	11	4	10	Nil	Nil	6	Nil	15
Weasel.....	Nil	7	Nil	34	30	23	25	20	Nil
Totals.....	2,304,910	3,096,270	3,071,460	3,046,627	3,712,443	3,966,010	4,870,995	5,708,438	5,779,498

¹ The publication of information concerning rabbits on farms has been discontinued.

Preliminary Statistics for 1938.—According to figures published at the time of going to press, fur farms numbered 10,455, lands and buildings were valued at \$7,930,842, and fur-bearing animals at \$8,929,754. Animals sold alive numbered 25,436, valued at \$730,074, while the 346,189 pelts sold were valued at \$5,752,742.

Section 3.—Fur Production Statistics.*

Early records of raw fur production were confined to the decennial censuses, when account was taken of the number and value of pelts obtained by trappers. In 1920 the Dominion Bureau of Statistics commenced an annual survey of raw fur production, basing its statistics on information supplied by the licensed fur traders. This survey was continued for some years. More recently, annual statements, based on royalties, export tax, etc., have been made available by the provincial game departments (except Prince Edward Island), and these statements are now used in the preparation of the statistics issued annually by the Bureau. In the case of Prince Edward Island, the statistics are based on returns supplied directly to the Bureau by the fur traders who deal in furs produced in the Province.

* Revised by Miss F. A. Brown, Chief of the Fisheries and Animal Products Branch, Dominion Bureau of Statistics.